

PULLOUT

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H.O.T.S. Strategy

Everybody Helps as We Name Our Streets

Scenario: You have just designed a neighborhood. You need to agree on street names in your new neighborhood. Community members have a variety of ideas as to what the streets should be called.

Directions: You and your group have roles as particular community members. Work together to propose street names. Give reasons for your street names. Be prepared for a town meeting to discuss the names and any issues. Write your final decisions on the names of streets in your neighborhood.

Members present: e.g., Mayor, Historian, Botanist, Students, Parents, Business Person, Other community members.

Your assigned role _____

	Proposed Street Name	Reason Why That's a Good Name
Example	Washington Street	George Washington was the first U.S. president
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

P.M.I. Strategy

Everybody Helps as We Compare Solutions to a Traffic Problem

Problem: Recently, traffic safety has become an issue in your neighborhood.

- Work together to **brainstorm** possible solutions and list them in the column A.
- Think about the possible **benefits** and **costs** of each solution, and list them in columns B and C.
- How will drivers and walkers react to your solution? What **new problems** might there be with your solution? List them in column D.

A Brainstorms	B Pluses (Benefits)	C Minuses (Costs)	D New Problems
Possible Solution 1			
Possible Solution 2			
Possible Solution 3			

P.M.I. Strategy

Everybody Helps as We Choose One Solution to the Traffic Problem

After listening to the all of the solutions, select the best idea to solve the traffic safety problem.

Decision: In order to make our neighborhood safer, we should





This is the best solution to our problem because

HATS Strategy

Everybody Helps as We Research, Discuss, and Solve a Litter Problem

Directions: Try on the hats to analyze the problem and possible solutions.

Problem: You discover litter scattered throughout your neighborhood. Work with your community members to solve the litter problem.

Thinking Hats	Examples of Questions	Your Thinking About the Problem
Blue Hat Thinking- Process Thinking about thinking Organizing the thinking Planning for action 	What thinking is needed? Which hat will we explore first? Do we need to consider more ideas?	
White Hat Thinking- Facts Information and data Neutral and objective 	What do I know? What do I need to find out? How will I get the information?	
Green Hat Thinking - Creativity Ideas, alternative, possibilities Provocation Solutions to black hat problems 	What can we do? What other ideas can we think of? Who else might help?	
Yellow Hat Thinking- Benefits Positives, plus points Logical reasons 	Why is this idea useful? Who would benefit from this idea?	
Black Hat Thinking - Cautions Difficulties, weaknesses, dangers Logical reasons Spotting the risks 	What might be a problem with this idea? Who might be worried about this idea?	
Red Hat Thinking - Feelings Intuition, hunches, instinct My feelings right now Feelings can change 	How do we feel about the problem? How do we feel about trying something new?	

Your proposals for solving the litter problem: -----

Your action plan: -----